Possessives pronouns

Os *possessives pronouns* são aqueles que, ao substituírem um substantivo ou frase nominal, indicam **sentido de posse ou propriedade**. Diferentemente do que acontece em português, eles não são flexionados em grau (singular e plural).

1. We bought that house last year. It is
2. This car belongs to Mr. and Mrs. Smith. It is
3. I think I saw John drop this pen. I think it is
4. This book is It has my name on it.
5. My brother and I made that chair. It's
6. Excuse me. This phone is You forgot to take it with you.
7. Her sister drew the picture. It's
8. The little boy shouted, "Give the ball to me! It's!"
9. That's We bought it last night at the department store.
10. The bicycles were, so they rode them home after school.
11. A: Are you sure this book belongs to your mother? B: Yes, it's
12. This is you ordered the pizza. I ordered the spaghetti.
13. A: Is this Robert's? B: No, it's not
14. I think these keys are I left them on the table.
15. Thomas can find his classroom, but Susan and Mary can't find
Marque a opção em que a voz passiva é a correta.
A <i>passive voice</i> (voz passiva) é um tipo de construção frasal onde o sujeito é paciente , ou seja, sofre a ação da frase em vez de praticá-la. É destacado o que acontece con o sujeito, porém, sem enfatizá-lo.
Estrutura passive voice:
Objeto + <i>am/is/are</i> + <i>Past Participle</i> (Particípio passado) do verbo principal + complemento
Marque a opção em que a voz passiva é a correta.

01. A voz passiva de I'm reading the magazine é:

a) The magazine is being read (by me).b) The magazine was being read (by me).c) The magazine has been read (by me).d) The magazine had been read (by me).e) The magazine were read (by me).
02. He said: "Can you show me your passport?"
a) He asked me can you show your passport?b) He asked to show my passport.c) He asked: show you passport.d) He asked to me show you passport.e) He asked me whether I could show him my passport.
03. He said: "I am sweeping my floor."
a) He said he sweeps his floor.b) He said he was sweeping his floor.c) He said that he was sweeping my floor.d) He said his floor sweeps.e) He said that floors are to be swept.
04. She said to me: "Go!" She told me
a) had b) going c) go d) to go e) has gone
05. They said to us: "Don't go!" They told us
a) go to not b) not go c) not going d) not to go e) going not
06. I said to him: "I'll leave soon." I told him that I soon.
a) will leave b) 'd left c) 's left d) 'd leave e) am leaving
07. (FATEC) She said: "I had to leave". – She said (that)

- a) she is leaving
- b) she had leaving
- c) she had to leaves
- d) she had to leave
- e) she had to leaving

08. (UNESP) Sue asked Barbara: "What movie do you want to see?" Sue asked her what movie ______

- a) did she want to see.
- b) does she want to see.
- c) to see.
- d) she wanted to see.
- e) she want to see.
- 09. He said: "I have slept a lot".
- a) He said: slept a lot, I have.
- b) He said: I have slept a lot.
- c) He told slept a lot.
- d) He told me to sleep a lot.
- e) He said he had slept a lot.
- 10. She said to me: "I'm washing my car."
- a) She said that she washes cars.
- b) She said that she was washing her car.
- c) She said to wash her car.
- d) She said to her car: wash!
- e) She said she is washes cars.